

PRECIOUS PLATE



Hidden Failure Analysis



INDUSTRY SOLUTIONS

Three Invisible Root Causes Behind Intermittent Connector Failure



INTRODUCTION

UNMASKING THE “LATENT DEFECT”

A Technical Dossier on Sub-Surface Failures

PREPARED BY The Precious Plate Technical Lab
SUBJECT Forensic Analysis of “Field Returns” and “Intermittent” Defects
TARGET Identifying why “Good” parts go “Bad” over time.

In the world of precision engineering, the most dangerous failure isn't the one that stops the line—it's the one that clears inspection. We've all faced the “Friday Mystery”: the lot where the X-ray fluorescence (XRF) confirms perfect thickness, the ASTM D3359 tape test shows a clean “5B” pull, and the visual inspection is flawless under 40x magnification. On paper, the part is perfect.

Yet, six months later, the warranty claims start trickling in. A high-heat automotive connector spikes in resistance; a mission-critical LED array suffers wetting failure; a gold-plated contact undergoes catastrophic delamination.

This dossier is designed to move beyond standard Quality Control. We are looking at Latent Defects—the failures that lurk within the molecular interface of the plating and the substrate. These are not caused by simple process drift, but by complex chemical and metallurgical variables that remain dormant until triggered by the stresses of the field: heat, time, or vibration.

THE ANATOMY OF THE INVISIBLE

When a part “passes” in the lab but “fails” in the field, it is rarely a mystery of physics; it is usually a failure of Process Integration. In our failure analysis lab, we have identified a recurring trinity of “hidden” root causes that account for the vast majority of these field escapes:

The Lubricant Legacy

How high-performance stamping fluids (sulfur-based or chlorinated paraffins) prioritized for die life can become “baked-on” contaminants that survive the cleaning line and compromise the atomic bond of the plating.

The Diffusion Time Bomb

The technical reality of Copper Diffusion, where the substrate migrates through the finish, creating brittle intermetallic layers and contact resistance spikes in high-heat environments.

The Emulsification Gap

The often-overlooked mismatch between the stamper's lubricant and the plater's cleaning chemistry, leading to microscopic blisters that only manifest after thermal cycling.

As engineers, our goal is to eliminate the “blame game” between the stamping and plating divisions. By understanding the surface science that happens between the steps, we can move from reactive troubleshooting to predictive, integrated manufacturing.

This document provides the technical framework to identify, analyze, and neutralize these hidden failures before they leave the dock.

INTRODUCTION

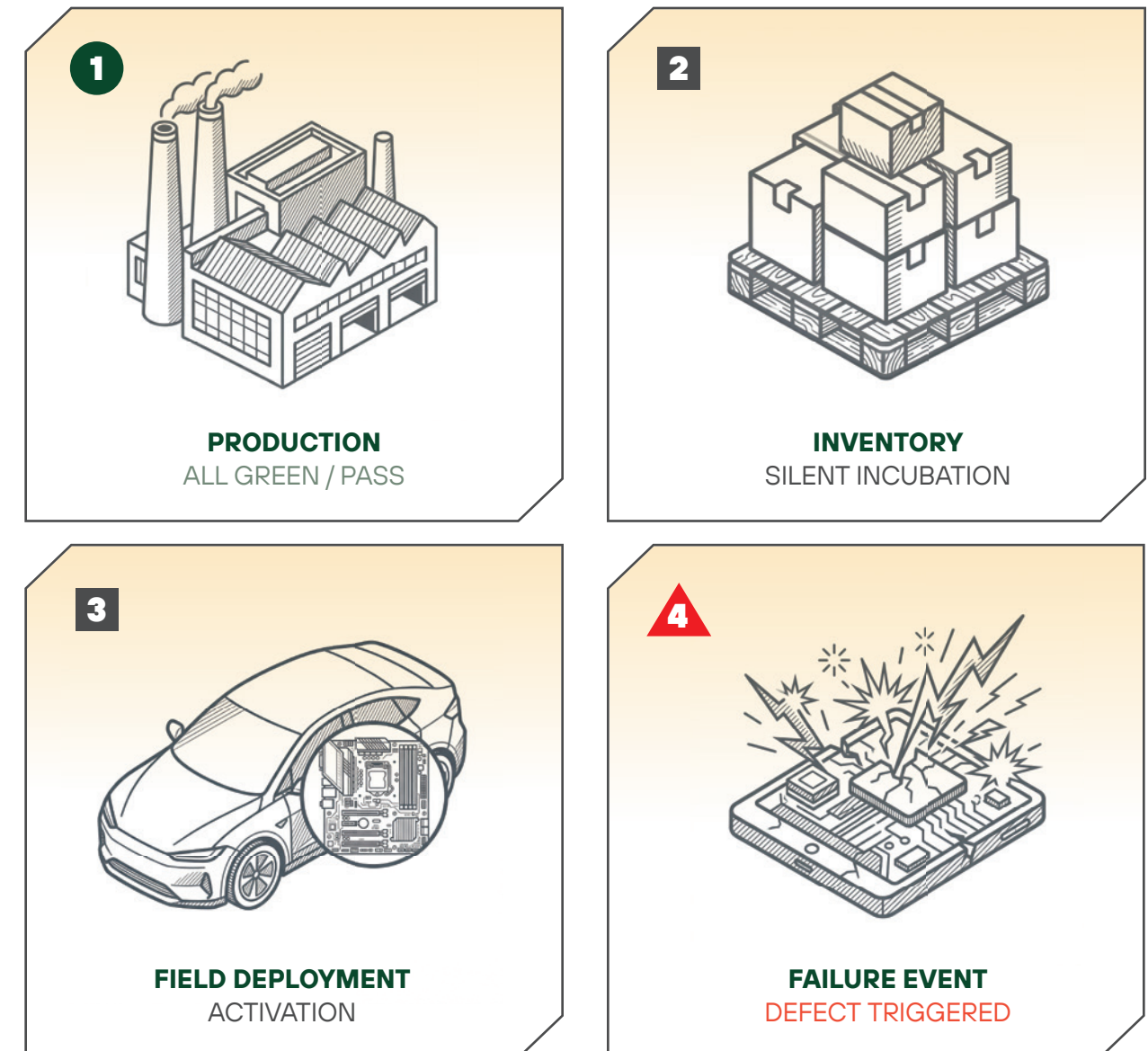
WHY DO GOOD PARTS GO BAD?

The Most Frustrating Failure In Manufacturing Is The One You Can't See

- The plating thickness measured fine.
- The adhesion tape test passed.
- The visual inspection was clean.

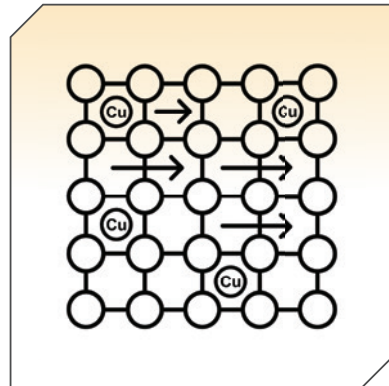
Yet, months later, the connector is failing in the field.

These are phantom failures. They lurk below the surface, undetectable by standard quality control, waiting for heat, time and vibration to trigger a defect.



THE THREE SUSPECTS LURKING IN THE BATH

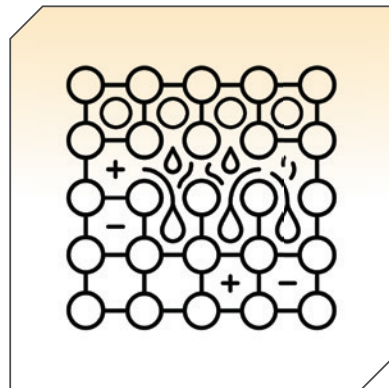
The Top Three Hidden Root Causes We Encounter In Our Failure Analysis Lab



THE TIME BOMB

Copper Diffusion

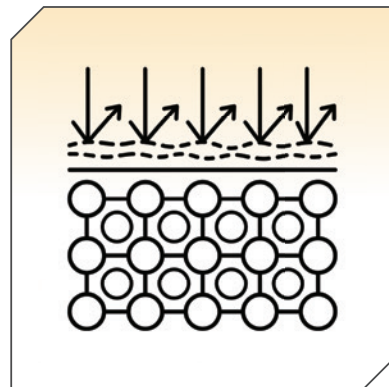
In electroplating, thermal energy accelerates copper diffusion into surface layers. High-heat environments trigger rapid atomic migration, forming intermetallic layers that cause contact resistance spikes. Over time, even during 3-month storage, this migration reaches the surface, where oxidation occurs. This ultimately results in wetting failure during soldering or assembly operations.



THE MICRO-BATTERY

Galvanic Porosity

Galvanic porosity occurs when corrosive electrolytes penetrate gold plating through microscopic pores. In humid environments, moisture reacts with the underlying copper base, creating a galvanic cell. This reaction forces corrosion products to the surface, appearing as tiny green or black spots on pins, which ultimately compromises electrical conductivity and performance.



THE INVISIBLE FILM

Carbonized Organics

Carbonized organics occur when organic additives break down under high heat during stamping or plating. Even with perfect chemistry, these burnt residues form a microscopic film that prevents proper adhesion. This surface contamination causes the plating to peel, often sparking a "blame game" between the stamper and the plater.



MANAGING THE TIME BOMB

The Symptom

Contact resistance spikes in the high-heat environments (LED lighting, under-hood automotive) or wetting failure occurs after 3 months of storage.

The Modus Operandi

1. Gold is a noble metal, copper is active.
2. Without a perfect barrier, copper atoms physically migrate through the gold grain structure to the surface.
3. Once at the surface, they oxidize.

The Reality

You think you are soldering to gold, but you are actually soldering to Copper Oxide.

DEFUSING THE TIME BOMB

The Insight

The root cause is rarely the Gold, it is the Nickel Underplate.

The Fix

Sulfamate Nickel vs. Sulfate Nickel.

We utilize Sulfamate Nickel to create a low-stress non-porous barrier layer. Standard Sulfate baths often fail to stop migration over time.

THE BAKE TEST VALIDATION

One Hour @ 250° Celsius Goal

Accelerate diffusion artificially to ensure zero migration in the field.

RESOLUTION INSTRUCTIONS



MANAGING THE MICRO-BATTERY

The Symptom

Tiny green or black spots appearing on pins, specifically in humid environments.

The Modus Operandi

If the gold layer has microscopic holes (pores), humidity creates a conductive path to the base metal.

The Reaction

Gold = Cathode
Copper = Anode
Humidity = Electrolyte

Result

You have accidentally built a battery that eats itself.

SEALING THE BREACH

The Insight

Increasing gold thickness is the expensive fix. The smart fix is surface prep.

The Fix

Electropolishing and leveling brighteners.

Pores often start as microscopic peaks and valleys in the raw stamped metal. We use leveling brighteners in the Nickel activation state to smoothen the substrate.

RESOLUTION INSTRUCTIONS



THE INVISIBLE FILM

The Symptom

Adhesion failure occurs even within chemical specs, leaving the stamper and plater at a finger-pointing impasse.

The Modus Operandi

To extend die life, the stamper used heavy sulfur-based or chlorinated lubricants that failed to evaporate during annealing or drying process.

Result

It carbonized into a glass-like varnish that standard cleaning lines cannot remove.

UNIFYING THE CHAIN

The Insight

Incompatible chemistry breaks the chain.

The Fix

We integrate stamping and plating by only using lubricants that our cleaning line is guaranteed to emulsify.

Result

Seamless adhesion and accountability.

Diagnostic Toolkit

Standard calipers won't find these defects. We utilize forensic equipment.

THE VERDICT

Surface failures like copper diffusion and galvanic porosity stem from incompatible chemistry that breaks the production chain. By adopting a “single-source integration” protocol, we unify the stamping and plating processes to ensure seamless adhesion. We prevent carbonized organics by meticulously matching stamping lubricants to our plating cleaning lines—never using an oil our cleaners cannot emulsify. This level of control eliminates the “blame game” between vendors and guarantees a single source of total accountability. To ensure quality, we utilize a forensic diagnostic toolkit to see “ghosts” and microscopic defects that standard calipers miss, providing a scientific fix for complex finishing challenges.

We Don't Just Plate Parts. We Engineer Reliability Through Chemistry and Process Integration.

DO YOU HAVE A BIN OF REJECTED PARTS?

To demonstrate our commitment to the “art and science of surface finishing,” we are offering a specialized engineering consultation designed to resolve your most persistent plating failures. Many manufacturers struggle with defects that standard quality controls cannot detect, leading to costly rejections and stalled production. This service provides you with direct access to our forensic laboratory and engineering expertise to diagnose the root cause of these “ghost” defects and engineer a path toward total reliability.

LET US PROVIDE AN ENGINEERING RELIABILITY AUDIT

Send Us Your Bin Of Rejected Parts To Solve Your Toughest Failures

- 1 SUBMIT YOUR SAMPLES**
Ship samples of your failed components to our facility for analysis, regardless of who performed the original plating.
- 2 FORENSIC INVESTIGATION**
Our engineers will conduct a root cause analysis using forensic equipment to detect copper diffusion, galvanic porosity, or carbonized organics.
- 3 PROCESS INTEGRATION REVIEW**
We help identify where those chemistry mismatches or broken production chains caused the failure.
- 4 RECEIVE YOUR SOLUTION**
You get a detailed Forensic Report explaining the failure and the specific engineering “fix” to prevent it.
- 5 SCAN THE QR CODE BELOW**
Download your failure analysis shipping label and start your forensic audit today.



QUESTIONS?

Contact An Advanced Surface Finishing Systems Engineer Today At (716) 283-0690.



PRECIOUS PLATE

2124 Liberty Drive, Niagara Falls, NY 14304

PHONE 716-283-0690

EMAIL Sales@PreciousPlate.com

WEBSITE PrecisionProcess.com